OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MULBAGAL.

Notification No. Ml. C. 40—39-40, *dated* 12*th August* 1939.

It is hereby notified for general information that a Bye-election will be held on the 9th October 1939, for filling up the vacancy of a Municipal Councillor in the I Division caused by the death of Mr. Mohamad Yasim Sahib. The calendar of events in connection with the above Bye-election is published hereunder for information.

Sl. No.	Events	Date
1	Publication of the voters' list	10th August 1939
2	Last date for filing claims, and objections, if any to the voters' list.	24th do
3	Disposal of claims and objections	27th do up to 3 P.M.
4	Communication of orders of the Municipal Council, to the persons affected thereby.	28th August 1939
5	Last date for filing appeals, if any, against the orders of the Municipal Council, to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	Within ten days of the communication of the decision of the Municipal Council.
6	Publication of the amended Electoral Roll ...	25th September 1939
7	Publication of notice regarding time, place and date of election and date of calling for applications from candidates.	26th do
8	Last date of filing applications by candidates ...	1st October 1939
9	Publication of list of candidates calling for objections, if any.	Do 5 P.M.
10	Hearing and disposal of objection petitions, if any to the candidature of persons notified under Rule 15, Clause I.	4th October 1939, 3 P.M.
11	Publication of final list of candidates in the Municipal Office.	Do 5 P.M.
12	Publication of specimen voting papers ...	6th October 1939
13	Date of Election ...	9th do
14	Counting votes and declaring result of the Election at the Special Meeting of the Council.	10th do
15	Report of results of Election to the Deputy Commissioner.	11th do

H. C. JAMBUKESVARIAH,
President and Returning Officer.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, CHIKBALLAPUR.

Notification dated 6th August 1939.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of Chikballapur Town that the Municipal Council desires to bring into force the following Bye-laws framed under Section 48 (1) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1933, from 1st November 1939.

Any of the inhabitants of this Municipality objecting to these Bye-laws may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections, if any, in writing to the Municipal Council.

Objections received after the due date shall not be heeded.

Draft Slaughter House Bye-laws framed by the Chikballapur Town Municipality.

1. The Veterinary Inspector shall carefully inspect each and every animal brought for slaughter daily, whether for private consumption or sale to the public and satisfy himself that such animals are perfectly healthy before he admits them into the slaughter houses.

2. The Veterinary Inspector shall also examine the carcasses or animals slaughtered in the slaughter houses and shall cause to destroy or bury at such time and place as may be appointed by the President any carcass or organ or any part of any carcass that he may find diseased and unfit for human consumption as wholesome food with the previous sanction of the President.

3. The Veterinary Inspector shall cause all carcasses stamped before they are removed to the licensed shops for sale. The Sanitary Officers shall be careful to see that all carcasses brought for sale to the market in their charge bear the slaughter house stamp. The Municipal Officers in charge of markets shall report every case in which a carcass does not bear the said stamp and shall at the same time forward any explanations which the person in possession of such carcass may offer for the orders of the President.

4. Any person who slaughters any cattle, sheep, goat or pig which has not been inspected and passed by the Veterinary Inspector or slaughters before or after the hours fixed for the purpose or removes any carcass to the markets or to any other recognised or licensed place of sale or to his house without the slaughter house stamp or who offers any opposition of resistence to the Veterinary Inspector or his peons or to the Municipal Officers in the execution of their duty shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. The Veterinary Inspector shall further see that the following conditions are strictly observed by the slaughter house contractor:—

(a) That the contractor shall maintain the full establishment stipulated in his contract bond, for the removal of blood and all other refuse and for the proper sanitation of the slaughter houses and should see that all collections of blood and refuse of animals slaughtered after 7-30 P.M. and before 6 A.M. are removed regularly every day.

(b) That the contractor shall provide daily a regular and sufficient supply of clean water so that there may be no cause for complaint of inadequacy of water for cleaning the carcasses and slaughter houses.

(c) He shall also provide clean and dry sand to be strewn on the floor of the slaughter house yards.

6. An infringement by the contractor of the foregoing conditions or those of his contract bond or of any other conditions that may be imposed upon him from time to time by the President of the Municipal Council shall render the said contractor liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for each offence or to his contract being annulled by the President.

7. The Veterinary Inspector shall inspect the slaughter houses daily between the hours of 6 and 7 A.M.

8. No carcass or any portion of any cattle, sheep, goat or pig, slaughtered outside the limits of the Municipality shall be sold in any of the Municipal Markets or any part of the said Municipality by the owner or person in possession thereof without such carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector and the prescribed fees being paid for the same and whoever found in possession of, or vending such carcass or any portion thereof in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

9. Under the authority already granted by the President, the Chief Officer or the Veterinary Inspector shall issue a permit to any person applying for permission to slaugter cattle, sheep or goats within the limits of the Municipality without license or without payment of any fee for the purposes of the following festivals or religious ceremonies. On such applicant furnishing sufficient grounds for the indulgence sought, the Veterinary Inspector shall note in the slaughter house return on each and every occasion that such permission is granted the name and residence of the person to whom a permit has been issued and the number of cattle, sheep or goats allowed to be slaughtered.

Dasara (Hindus only)—One sheep or goat per house to one individual or any one member of a family for two days only.

Akkila (Hindus or Mahomedans)—the ceremony connected with shaving the head of a child for the first time :

Male Child—two sheep or goats.
Female Child—one sheep or goat.

Sadkha (Hindus or Mahomedans)—Vow by or for a sick person—Cattle, sheep or goat not exceeding one of any description of cattle or four either of sheep or goats.

Mannath (Hindustani) or Arika (Kanarese) (Hindus or Mahomedans) in fulfilment of a vow made by or for a sick person—Cattle, sheep or goats, not exceeding one of any description of cattle or four either of sheep or goats.

Bakrid (Mahomedans only)—Camel, cattle, sheep or goats not exceeding one to any one individual or to any one member of a family for three days.

Pongal, second day of Pongal or Shankaranthi (for Hindus only):

One sheep or goat per house.

10. Any person who may require any number of cattle, sheep or goats for slaughter in excess of that given for any of the purposes mentioned in the foregoing Section (9) shall obtain a permit from the Veterinary Inspector and pay the prescribed fee for such number in excess of that allowed. Whoever without such permit and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any cattle, sheep or goat shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for every such animal slaughtered together with the amount of the fee payable.

11. No cattle, sheep, goat or pig shall be slaughtered within the limits of the Municipality for the purpose of any ceremony on account of the prevalence of any epidemic without a permit being obtained from the Veterinary Inspector on payment of the prescribed fee. Whoever with such permit and without the payment of such fee slaughters any animal for such purpose shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for every such animal slaughtered together with the amount of the fee payable.

12. Slaughtering should be done by licensed butchers. They should be given badges renewable every year and a list of names of authorised butchers should be put up in some conspicuous place in the slaughter house.

13. The fee payable to the contractor by owners of animals brought and admitted to the slaughter house for slaughter shall be one anna for every sheep or goat.

14. Slaughtering should be done at the prescribed place in the slaughter house.

15. Persons actually engaged in slaughtering, the Veterinary Inspector, the Sanitary Inspector or the Assistant Sanitary Inspector, the President of the Town Municipality and any other person authorised by the last named Officer only should be permitted to enter the slaughter house.

16. Animals intended for slaughter should be brought to the slaughter house at least one hour before slaughtering for examination by the Veterinary Inspector.

17. Animals just dying or dead as a result of accident may be accepted for skinning only if certified by the Veterinary Inspector to be healthy.

18. No animal with young should be allowed to be slaughtered.

19. Insufflation of meat by means of blowing air should not be permitted.

20. Skin should be removed from the slaughter house within 24 hours after slaughter. Offal and intestines should be removed immediately and should not be sold in slaughter house premises. Blood if disposed to a contractor for removal should be removed before dusk the same day.

21. Solid contents of the entrails should be removed from the slaughter house to the dumping ground and not thrown into the public drains.

22. The Veterinary Inspector of the locality should pass the animals that have to be slaughtered.

23. Fees payable for the slaughtering of different kinds of animals in the slaughter house should be clearly notified in a prominent place in the slaughter house.

24. Dogs or other animals not intended for slaughter should not be allowed to enter the slaughter house.

25. No person suffering from any sort of skin disease, communicable disease or leprosy should be allowed to enter the slaughter house.

26. In permitting animals to be slaughtered, arrangements should be made to prevent substitution of passed animals by other animals.

27. The Veterinary Inspector and the Sanitary Inspector or the Assistant Sanitary Inspector should inspect the slaughter house every day and attend to the conservency of the place and report the result of his inspection to the President.

28. Making disturbances, such as noise, quarrelling, fighting, using obscence, abusive and insulting language should be prohibited.

R. P. MALLAPPA,
President.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. A6.-C. 266—39-40, dated 2nd August 1939.

In virtue of the powers delegated under G. O. No. L. 1367—Ml. 90-33-1, dated 18th August 1933, it is hereby notified that under Section 15 of the Minor Municipalities Act 1933, and the Rules thereunder, the following two gentlemen are elected members of the Koratagere Minor Municipal Council in existing vacancies :—

Messrs.—(1) Shop Ananthaiya Setty.
(2) M. Nanjundaiya Setty.